

- ① Battery 12 V
- ② High-voltage battery
- ③ High-voltage charge socket
- ④ High-voltage disconnect device



12 V Battery



High-voltage battery



High-voltage components

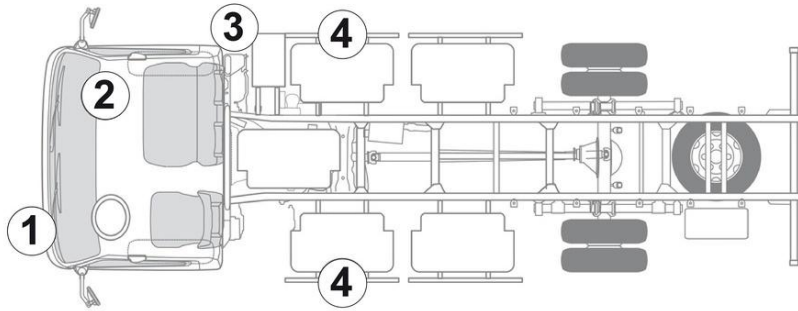


High-voltage disconnect device

Note: Please see our [emergency response guide](#) for more information



1. Identification / recognition



3. Disable direct hazards / safety regulations

Deactivation of the high-voltage system

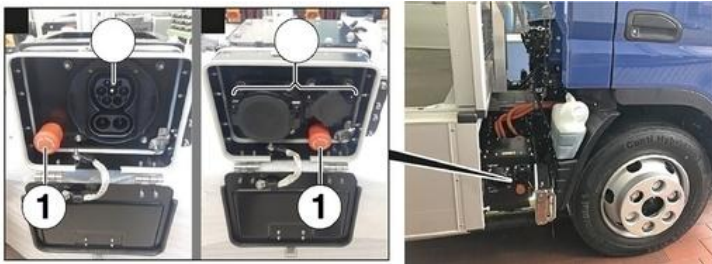
In all other cases, the high-voltage system should be deactivated as follows:

Option 1: Alternative high-voltage disconnect

EMERGENCY OFF button



The EMERGENCY OFF button is located at the front right behind the front axle fender.



1 EMERGENCY OFF button



Danger from electrical voltage

If you commence rescue work before waiting for the capacitor to discharge, there is a danger of electric shock which could result in severe or fatal injuries. Before starting any rescue operations, wait for at least 30 minutes after switching off the high-voltage system in order to discharge the capacitor in the voltage converter.



In order to ensure that there is no longer any residual voltage in the high-voltage system, wait approx. 20 seconds after switching it off.



The passive safety systems such as airbags and seat belt pretensioners will continue to be supplied with power by the 12-volt electrical system.



Disconnecting the 12 V battery

1. Remove the cover from the 12-volt battery.
2. Disconnect the negative cable of the 12-volt battery at the screw connection and secure it against unintentional contact.

8. Towing / transportation / storage



Towing is possible up to 20 km/h without having to disassemble the propeller shaft.