

Note: Please see our <u>emergency response guide</u> for more information









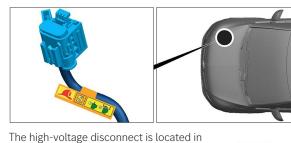


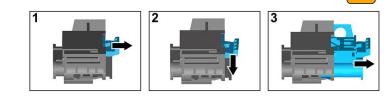
### In all other cases, the high-voltage system should be deactivated as follows:

#### Option 1: High-voltage disconnect

the engine compartment on the

passenger side.





(1) Pull the release(2) Push the release down(3) Pull out the switch

\*\*\*\*

# Option 2: Alternative high-voltage disconnect

The alternative high-voltage disconnect is located in the base of the right-hand front seat. It is indicated with a sign.

2



Remove the cover (1). Cut the cable at the marked point (2).



In order to ensure that there is no longer any residual voltage in the high-voltage system, wait approx. 20 seconds after switching it off.



The passive safety systems such as airbags and seat belt pretensioners will continue to be supplied with power by the 12-volt electrical system.



#### Disconnecting the 12 V battery

1. Remove the cover from the 12-volt battery.

2. Disconnect the negative cable of the 12-volt battery at the screw connection and secure it against unintentional contact.



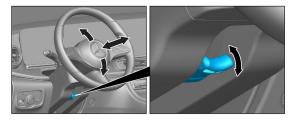
The passive safety systems (airbags and seat belt pretensioners) are deactivated.



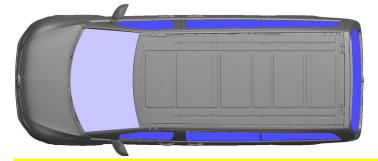


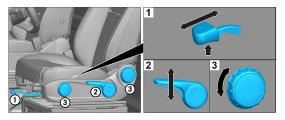
### 4. Access to the occupants

When rescuing the vehicle occupants, the components of the restraint systems (in particular pyrotechnic elements) must be taken into account in accordance with the information on page 1.

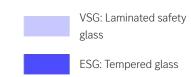


Steering wheel adjustment

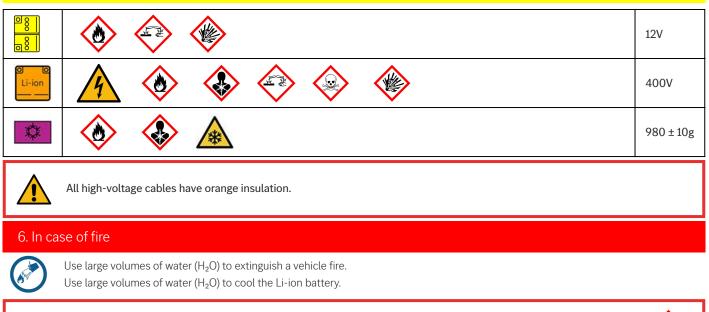




Seat adjustment (mechanical)



5. Stored energy / liquids / gases / solids





Warning: Battery re-ignition

If coolant is leaking from the high-voltage battery, it may become unstable owing to thermal overload. Check the battery temperature with an IR thermal imager.

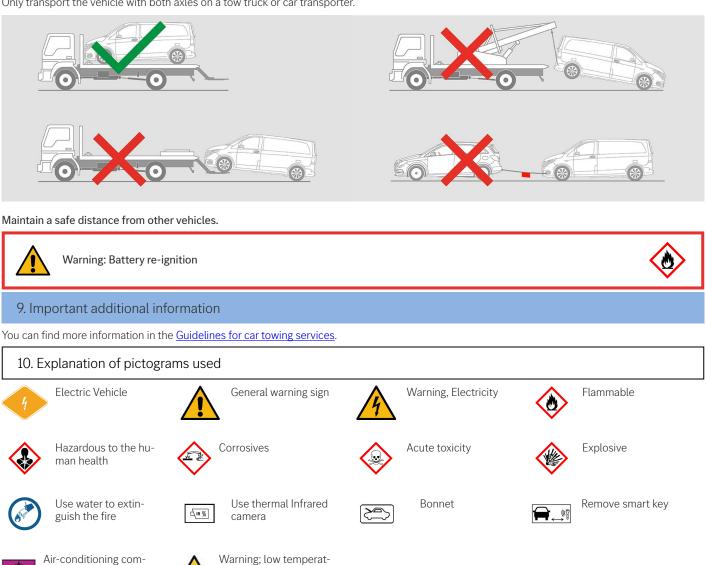




# 8. Towing / transportation / storage

Only transport the vehicle with both axles on a tow truck or car transporter.

ure



ponent