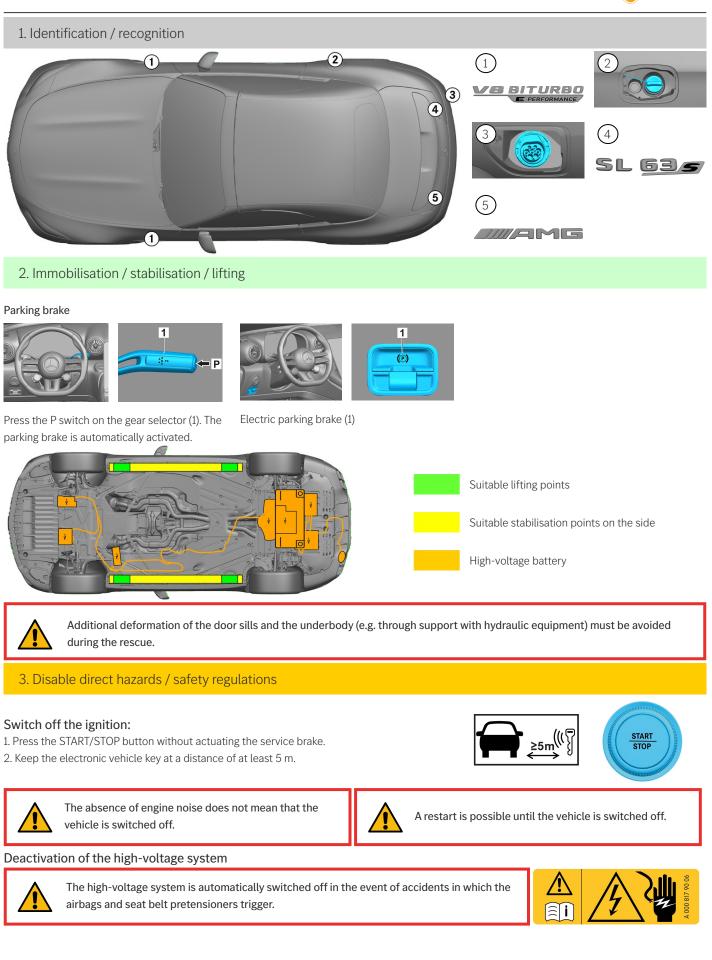


Note: Please see our <u>emergency response guide</u> for more information







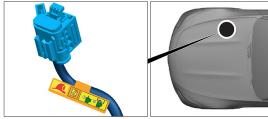




<del>\* \* X</del>

#### In all other cases, the high-voltage system should be deactivated as follows:

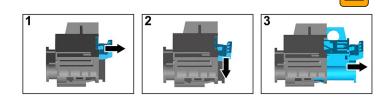
#### Option 1: High-voltage disconnect





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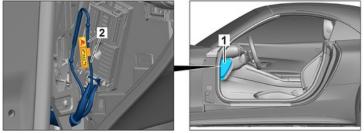
The high-voltage disconnect is located in the engine compartment on the passenger side.



(1) Pull the release (2) Push the release down (3) Pull out the switch

## Option 2: Alternative high-voltage disconnect

The alternative high-voltage disconnect is located under the cover of the fuse box in the cockpit on the driver's side. It is indicated with a sign.



Remove the cover (1). Cut the cable at the marked point (2).



In order to ensure that there is no longer any residual voltage in the high-voltage system, wait approx. 20 seconds after switching it off.



The passive safety systems such as airbags and seat belt pretensioners will continue to be supplied with power by the 12-volt electrical system.



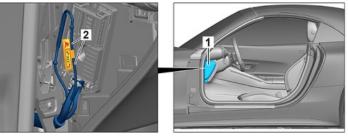
#### Disconnecting the 12 V battery

1. Remove the cover from the 12-volt battery in the boot.

2. Disconnect the negative cable of the 12-volt battery at the screw connection and secure it against unintentional contact.



The passive safety systems (airbags and seat belt pretensioners) are deactivated.

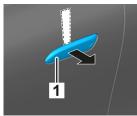




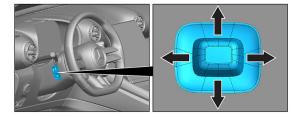


### 4. Access to the occupants

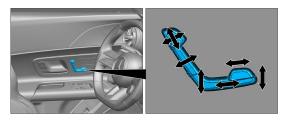
When freeing the occupants, areas of the bodywork which are made from high-strength steels and the components of the restraint systems (in particular pyrotechnic elements) must be taken into consideration in accordance with the information on page 1.



above and lever it slightly out.

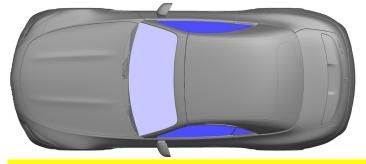


Slide a flat, non-metallic object behind the retracted door handle (1) from Reach behind the door handle (1) from below and pull it out until you feel resistance, then hold.



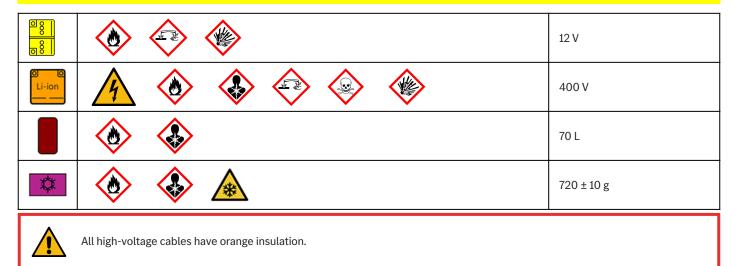
Seat adjustment (electric)

Steering wheel adjustment





5. Stored energy / liquids / gases / solids







# 6. In case of fire



Use large volumes of water  $(H_2O)$  to extinguish a vehicle fire. Use large volumes of water  $(H_2O)$  to cool the Li-ion battery.



Warning: Ignition of the battery possible

If coolant is leaking from the high-voltage battery, it may become unstable owing to thermal overload. Check the battery temperature with an IR thermal imager.

# 7. In case of submersion

There is no risk of voltage in the bodywork.

After recovery of the vehicle:

1. Allow the water to drain out of the interior.

2. Commence deactivation of the high-voltage system (see Section 3).

### 8. Towing / transportation / storage

Only transport the vehicle with both axles on a tow truck or car transporter.

